

# Creating The Proper Infrastructure for AI-Driven Development

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*Presented by*

**Noel Hollingsworth | CEO & Co-Founder | Uncountable**

# Agenda



## 01 | Introduction

02 | The Current Landscape: AI in R&D

03 | Considerations Before Implementing AI

04 | Understanding The Resources & Roadmap for AI

05 | Best Practices: Start Creating The Proper Infrastructure

06 | The Benefits of an All-in-One Data Infrastructure

07 | Q&A

# Featured Speaker: Noel Hollingsworth

Noel Hollingsworth is Co-Founder and CEO at Uncountable. In his role, he works closely with Uncountable's customers to implement next-generation data management systems.

Prior to his work at Uncountable, Noel led data teams at startups and was awarded Forbes 30 under 30 for his work with machine learning and artificial intelligence.



# About Uncountable



## **Founded in 2016**

with offices in San Francisco, New York City, and Munich



## **90+ customers across industries**

including paints, rubbers, 3D printing, foams, cosmetics, alternative foods, and more!



## **One-of-a-kind platform**

that centralizes R&D data and helps reduce new product development timelines



## **Proven domain expertise**

began as a data science company helping Fortune 500 materials companies accelerate development of new projects.

# Uncountable Proudly Supports Clients That Span Across a Variety of Industries



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[www.uncountable.com/case-studies](http://www.uncountable.com/case-studies)



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# The Current Landscape: AI in R&D

- **Modern AI in R&D**

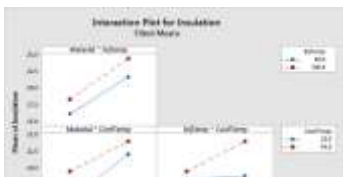
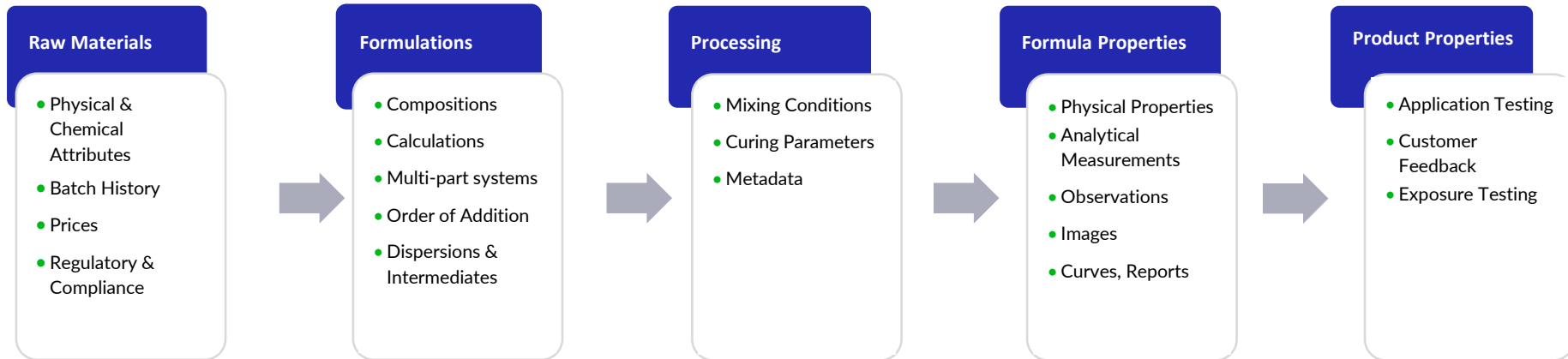
- There's a common misconception that rebranding as an AI company is as simple as having some off-the-shelf models or working with an AI vendor
- AI is complex, high-risk, expensive, and often requires significant business transformation to collect the data necessary
- 2018 reports: Implementing AI demands an ultra-specialized talent pool that only 22,000 PhD-level experts worldwide

- **Goals of AI\***

*[https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-030-50344-4\\_18](https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-030-50344-4_18)*

- More objective identification of user requirements to drive enterprise innovation
- More precise exploration of market trends
- Higher efficiency in product design
- Less risks in R&D process
- Improved knowledge sharing ability

# Uncountable The Core Issue Many Fortune 500 R&D Teams Face is Unstructured, Decentralized Data





# Leveraging AI in R&D: Achieving Competitive Advantage

- **Future prospects and trends in AI-driven R&D**
  - Importance of creating a sustainable foundation for “future-proofing” AI prior to prematurely trying to leverage or implement AI-driven technology into R&D efforts
  - How the future of R&D will look with AI vs. how it looks today
- **Ways AI can enhance R&D performance and competitiveness**
  - Short-term
  - Long-term



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# Data Systems: Structured vs. Unstructured

## Unstructured

### Examples

- Spreadsheets
- Word Documents
- PDFs
- Lab Journals/ELNs
- SharePoint/Shared Drive

### Advantages

- Free
- Unrestricted entry of information
- Known/second nature “habitual”

### Disadvantages

- Limited scope & scalability for application of info
- Ctrl+F keyword searching
- Limited collaboration
- Inability to innovate efficiently & at market-rate

## Structured

### Examples

- Databases
- LIMS
- Inventory Systems
- Uncountable

### Advantages

- Instant access to specific information/data
- Shareable & scalable information
- Intelligent insights & reporting

### Disadvantages

- Requires intentional/deliberate entry of information
- Change management
- Migration of historical data into new system
- Disciplined use

# Top 3 Problems Deploying AI Without Structured Data

- **Why Excel & Unstructured Data System Are Insufficient**

1. **Volume of Data**

- A small data set with the best AI model in the world is worse than both expert scientists and simpler AI models applied to “big data”
  - The most important aspect of any AI model is its underlying data - both size and cleanliness

2. **Relevancy to Problems**

- Will create desire to squeeze square peg in round hole - When we do have some data, we must apply AI, even if it's not a fit
  - AI is not a fit for all use cases!

3. **Scientist Trust**

- Desire to be an AI first company without gathering appropriate data results in scientist trust being lost
  - AI ends up being applied to projects that aren't good fits, or only to high priority projects that carry substantial failure risk - when there are issues, team loses faith in the process
  - Sufficient Data is important, but not the only prerequisite

# Common Data Systems: LIMS, ELN, and ERPs

- **Laboratory Information Management System “LIMS”**
  - Sample management / metadata
  - Output Capture
  - Task management
- **Electronic Laboratory Notebooks “ELNs”**
  - Experimental capture in real time / Collaborative
  - Needs “spreadsheet” support (formulation/analysis)
  - Unstructured
- **Enterprise Resource Planning “ERP”s**
  - Inventory systems
  - Equipment management
  - BOMs
  - Information store / system of record

# Importance of Structuring Lab Data for AI

- **Why Structured Data is Important for AI**
  - Standardization/Consistency
  - Reliability
  - Feature Engineering
  - Scalability
  - Data Integrity
  - Interoperability
  - Ground Truth & Labeling
  - Reduction in Noise
  - Easier Analysis & Debugging
  - Data Governance

# Importance of Structuring Lab Data for AI: Example of Brookfield Viscosity

- **Standard Way Data Gets Recorded In Spreadsheets and Notebooks:**
  - Viscosity, 7D = 3000
  - Brookfield Visc. Sp #4 = 5500
  - BV, ON = 1800
- **Best Practices for Structuring Lab Data for AI:**
  - Brookfield Viscosity = 5000
    - Liquid Aging Time + Temperature: 7D at 23°C
    - Spindle #4
    - RPM: 150
    - Test Temperature: °23
      - Exact temperature and time
      - Machine SN, Operator



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# Types of Data Systems: R&D Organizations

Spreadsheets



ELN/Lab Journals



LIMS



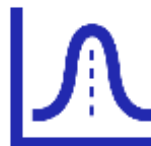
Inventory



Visualizations / Analysis



Statistical Tools



Predictive tools



Other Internal Databases



# Considerations: Setting The Right Expectations

- **Too big of a search space**
  - 100s of ingredients, but limited data points
    - Either from collection, cleanliness, or standardization
- **Moonshot objectives**
  - What are you trying to achieve in this project vs long term goals
  - What are more reasonable targets that would allow you to claim “progress”
- **Perception of perfection**
  - Why would model suggest such a thing?
  - Why isn't model more accurate?
  - Can it model pictures of exposure ratings?



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# Defining & Creating an AI Roadmap

## 1. Before (Preparation)

- Ensure structured data system in place
- Verify all scientist work is being captured in a way fit for AI
  - All data points and all aspects of data
    - Example: Viscosity centipoise, temperature, spindle, rpm...
- Utilize in-house expertise to understand/validate vendor and partner “claims”

## 2. During (Deployment)

- Identify appropriate targets for AI - Example Criteria:
  - Large Amounts of Data
  - Known Success Criteria
  - Consistent Output Results
- Ensure AI is embedded into daily workflows
  - Not judged off success in a project where majority of results are out of scientists control

## 3. After (Maintenance)

- Identify areas where data capture is insufficient
- Deploy systems and/or recurring procedures to collect data



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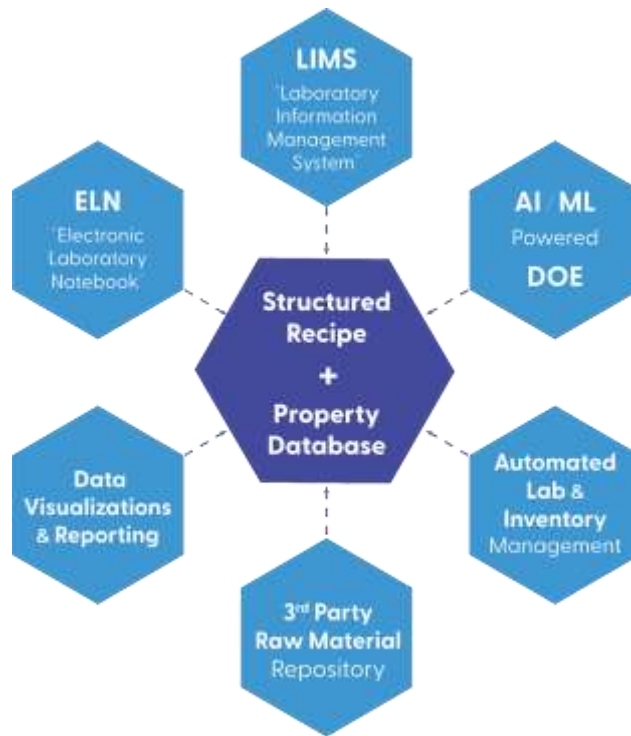
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# All-In-One Structured Data Platform

*We Created The Our Platform To Centralize, Connect, And Structure All Types Of R&D Data.*





## Example 1

# Platform-Wide Data

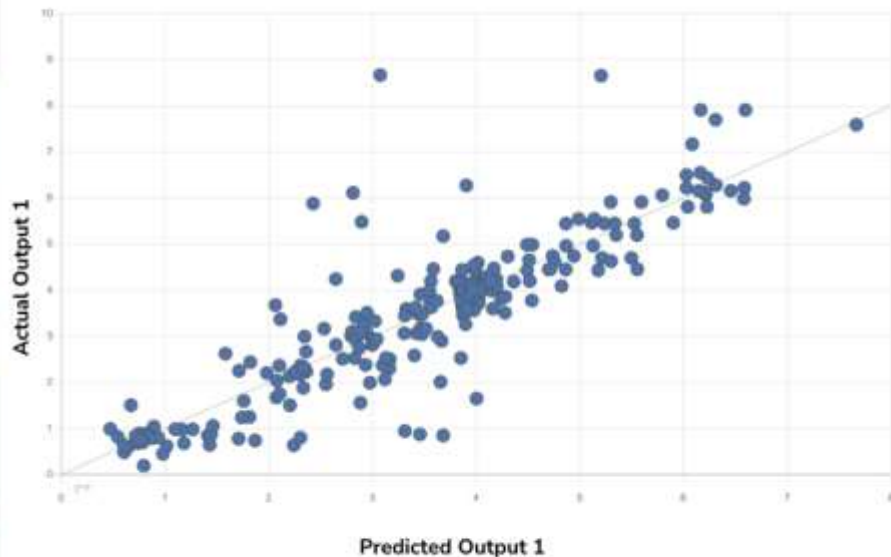
# Example 1: Output Fits

## Training Accuracy

▼ Numeric Outputs

Plot	Name	Summary Statistics (Training Data)			Model Predictions		
		# Samples	Mean $\mu$	Std. Dev. $\sigma$	RMSE	r <sup>2</sup> Score	Explained Error %
	Output 1	1360	172	145	54.4	0.86	62.6%
	Output 2	319	8.17	10.3	3.39	0.891	67.1%
	Output 3	254	16.4	7.38	6.03	0.533	31.8%
	Output 4	941	65.2	71.4	17.7	0.938	75.2%
	Output 5	359	8.02	5.4	2.96	0.688	45.1%
	Output 6	397	41.6	51.9	8.23	0.933	74.2%
	Output 7	1911	7920	12200	6070	0.752	56.2%
	Output 8	261	3.51	1.7	0.816	0.767	51.8%
	Output 9	895	7.20	4.03	2.12	0.725	47.6%
	Output 10	1475	8.26	6.75	2.8	0.913	56.8%
	Output 11	1497	0.00279	0.00112	0.000767	0.533	31.7%

High Predictive Accuracy Low Predictive Accuracy





# Example 1: Linear Coefficients

Effect Sizes ⌵

Show linear coefficient approximations

Type	Name	Output 1	Output 2	Output 3	Output 4	Output 5	Output 6	Output 7	Output 8	Output 9	Output 10	Output 11	Output 12
Ingredient 1									-0.151		-1.31	0.00086	
Ingredient 2								0.221			-0.0273	0.00024	
Ingredient 3		10.9						0.0481			0.155	0.00014	
Ingredient 4		27.1		1.22	-24.7			-1.29		4.32	-0.272	-0.00106	
Ingredient 5		-1.76		-0.0071		-0.223	0.223	0.229	-0.015	-2.3	-0.791	-0.00101	
Ingredient 6		4.98						3.21		-11.7	0.196	-0.00177	
Ingredient 7		3.48						0.0483			0.18	0.00017	
Ingredient 8				-0.101				-0.445	0.447	-0.1	0.223	0.00106	
Ingredient 9		-25.7		-1.11	4.36	16.9		-3.46	2.36	25.8	4.36	-0.00098	
Ingredient 10											-1.26	-0.001	-0.000343
Ingredient 11		0.01		2.26	11.3			5.54	-1.12	0.63		-0.7	0.000070
Ingredient 12		-26.3	0.0219								-0.702	0.0724	0.000071
Ingredient 13		0.72						-0.0281		-0.8	0.206	-0.000477	
Ingredient 14		0.5						-0.0447		-4.95	0.587	0.000437	
Ingredient 15		1.28		0.0708	0.709	-0.417	0.423	-0.0411	-2.863	0.04	-0.204	-0.00042	
Ingredient 16		5.10					0.0739	0.102		-7.74	0.084	0.000417	
Ingredient 17	2.27 (0.41)	1.89			0.094				0.0867	0.06	-0.708	0.000002	
Ingredient 18									30.8		0.171	0.000388	
Ingredient 19	max	-29.1		0.0028	-4.12	-1.96	0.0942	-1.25	-1.54	0.47	7.47	0.000344	
Ingredient 20		-22.3	0.024					0.0714		-0.91	0.222	0.000326	
Ingredient 21		2.95						-0.375		-4.05	-0.0774	-0.000117	
Ingredient 22									0.103	0.13	0.375	-0.000204	
Ingredient 23		0.28								-0.32	0.228	0.000288	
Ingredient 24		0.108								-0.27	-0.002	-0.000228	
Ingredient 25		7.79						-0.0281		-1.21	0.242	0.000096	
Ingredient 26		-0.916		0.0003	-0.47	-0.112	0.112	-0.0818	-0.487	-0.473	-0.38	-0.000208	
Ingredient 27		1.66							0.108		-0.2	0.000332	

## Example 2

# Targeted Experiments

# Example 2: Suggested Experiments

Suggested Formulations

Recipe Name		Recipe 1	Recipe 2	Recipe 3	Recipe 4	Recipe 5	Recipe 6
Import Recipe?							
Ingredient 1	= 2.5 ✓	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Ingredient 2	= 0.202 ✓	0.202	0.202	0.202	0.202	0.202	0.202
Ingredient 3	= 0.0121 ✓	0.0121	0.0121	0.0121	0.0121	0.0121	0.0121
Ingredient 4	[6.52, 10.2] ✓		9.709	10.11	8.072	8.411	9.5
Ingredient 5	[10.3, 25] ✓	22.71	22.71	17.27	18	18.82	18.69
Ingredient 6	[4.78, 10] ✓	6.658	8.146		6.247	6.307	
Ingredient 7	[5.84, 10.1] ✓						
Ingredient 8	✓	6.138	6.347	6.328	6.235	6.008	5.877
Ingredient 9	[5.2, 52] ✓	27.86	39.03	32.40	30.69	46.62	49.81
Ingredient 10	[5.1, 14.9] ✓	10.26	11.35	9.188	10.64	11.42	13.41
Ingredient 11	[14.8, 32] ✓	20.67		22	17.4		
		100	100	100	100	100	100
Calculation 1	[2, 4]	2.25	3.83	2.09	2.38	2.98	2.78
Calculation 2	[0.8, 1.2]	0.804	1.11	1.03	1.08	1.13	1.08
Calculation 3		3.15	3.87	2.89	3.21	3.01	2.81
Calculation 4		1.91	3.82	0.595	3.04	6.36	6.41
Goal							
Predicted Output 1	≥ 300	221 ± 111	236 ± 111	224 ± 109	216 ± 107	210 ± 109	215 ± 108
Predicted Output 2	≥ 6	7.5 ± 2.75	6.82 ± 3.11	7.71 ± 2.88	7.30 ± 2.94	6.71 ± 3.08	6.94 ± 3.11
Predicted Output 3	≤ 4000	2100 ± 1300	1860 ± 1030	2140 ± 1580	2050 ± 1460	1610 ± 1700	1900 ± 1640
Predicted Output 4	≈ 2	2.5 ± 1.07	2.68 ± 1.15	1.94 ± 1.12	2.56 ± 1.07	2.46 ± 1.1	3.05 ± 1.18



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# Q&A

Just a few of many  
**Uncountable Long-Term Customers**

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**CABOT** 

**Carbon**

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# Thank You!

## Questions?

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